

ISLAMIC BANKING BULLETIN

September 2025

A Quarterly Publication by the Islamic Finance Policy
Department
State Bank of Pakistan







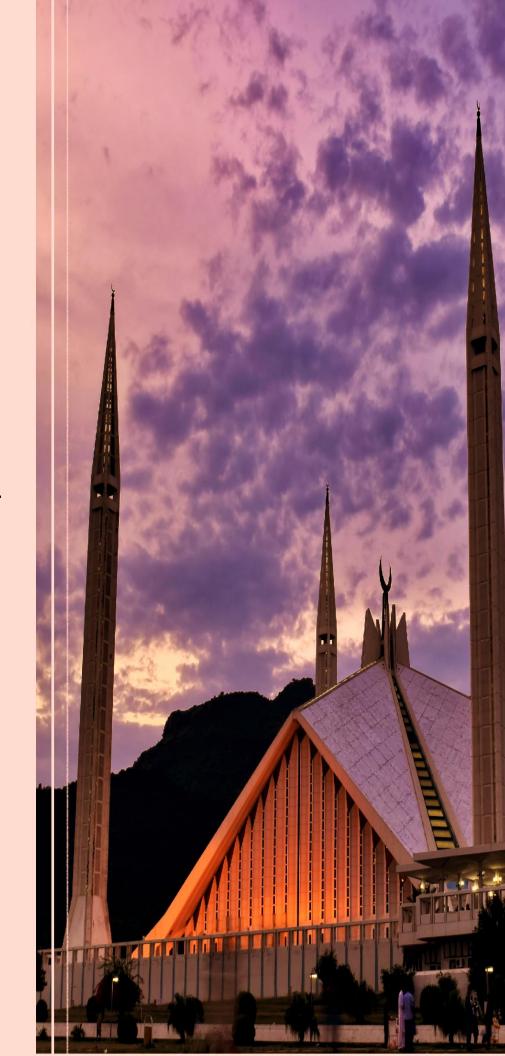
ISLAMIC BANKING BULLETIN

For the period ending September 30, 2025

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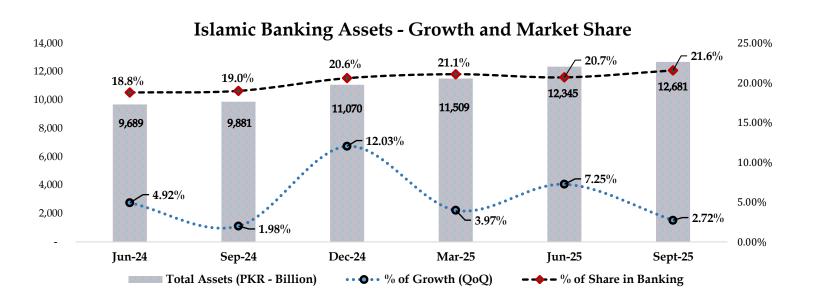
ISLAMIC
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SECTOR AT A
GLANCE

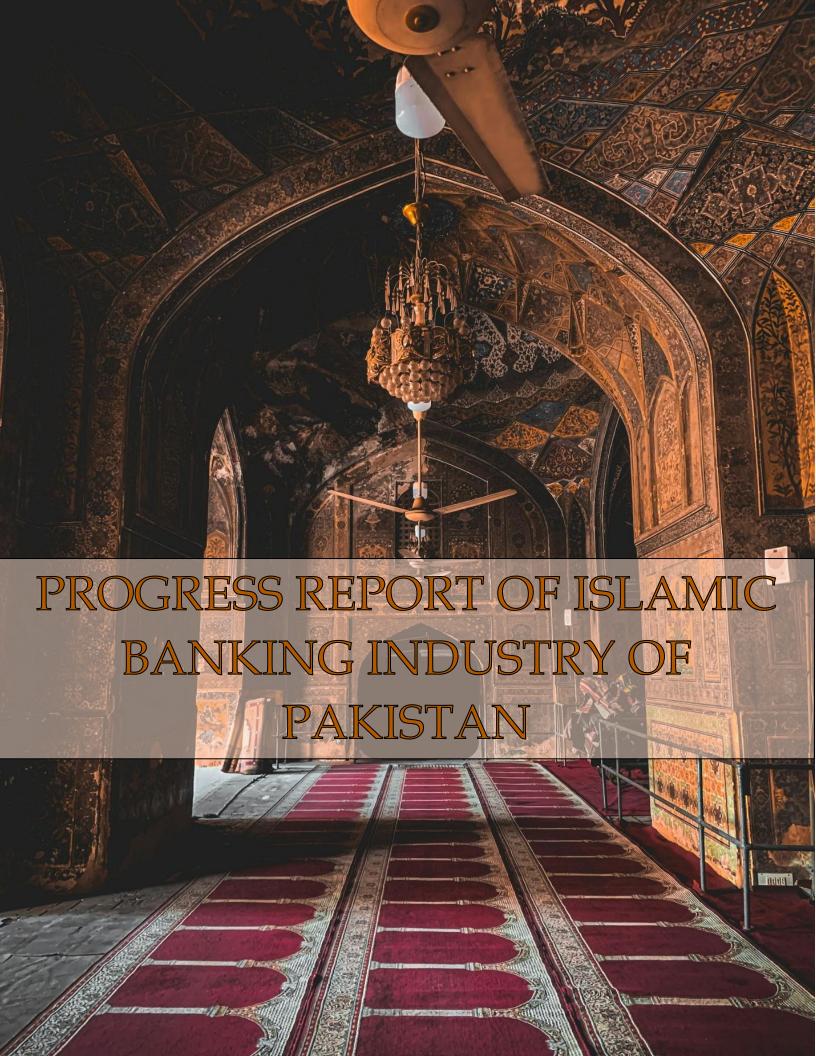




Islamic Banking Snapshot - September 2025

Overall Summary						
	Assets	Deposits	Financing	No. of Branches		
Total	PKR 12.7 trillion	PKR 9.8 trillion	PKR 4.1 trillion	6,776		
Change in Quarter	+ PKR 337 billion + 2.7%	+ PKR 317 billion + 3.3%	+ PKR 76 billion +1.9%	+ 381 Branches +6.0%		
Share in total Banking Industry	21.6 % + 0.9%			37.0% + 2.2%		
Share of IBBs & IBs	Assets (PKR Billion) 4,945 39% 7,736 61%	Deposits (PKR Billion) 3,971 40% 5,878 60% ■IB	1,537 37% 2,572 63%	Branches 3,205 3,571 53% IB IBB		





Overview

The Islamic banking industry in Pakistan maintained its robust growth momentum during the third quarter of 2025, further reinforcing its position within the financial landscape. As of end-September 2025, total assets of Islamic banking institutions (IBIs) expanded by PKR 337 billion, reaching to PKR 12,681 billion, while deposits recorded an increase of PKR 317 billion, amounting to PKR 9,850 billion. On a quarter-on-quarter (QoQ) basis, assets and deposits registered healthy growth rates of 2.7 percent and 3.3 percent, respectively.

The financing portfolio exhibited a solid QoQ growth of 1.9 percent, reaching PKR 4,109 billion, whereas net investments registered a notable increase of 5.7 percent, totaling PKR 6,276 billion. These trends reflect growing demand for Shari'ah-compliant financing and investment avenues, contributing to the sector's expanding financial depth.

In terms of market positioning, Islamic banking assets accounted for 21.6 percent of the overall banking industry, while deposits captured a higher share of 26.5 percent. The sector's contribution to total financing stood at 31.1 percent, with investments making up 17.1 percent of the banking industry's total, highlighting its expanding footprint.

Overall, these trends underscore not only the industry's consistent growth but also its deeper integration into Pakistan's banking landscape. The steady improvement in financial indicators and the widening branch network reflect both the resilience of the sector and the growing consumer demand for Islamic banking.

Table 1: Industry Progress and Market Share (Amount in PKR Billion)									
Particulars	Islamic Banking Industry Progress			Perce	ent Growth	ı (YoY)	Share in Overall Banking Industry (%)		
	Sep-24	Jun-25	Sep-25	Sep-24	Jun-25	Sep-25	Sep-24	Jun-25	Sep-25
Assets	9,881	12,345	12,681	17.4	27.4	28.3	19.0	20.7	21.6
Deposits	7,596	9,533	9,850	23.3	29.5	29.7	23.2	25.5	26.5
Investments (net)	4,803	5,935	6,276	22.3	32.2	30.7	15.2	15.8	17.1
Financing (net)	3,252	4,033	4,109	7.5	16.9	26.4	27.3	30.5	31.1
Number of Islamic Banking Institutions	22	21	21	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number of Branches	5,333	6,395	6,776	14.3	23.1	27.1	-	-	-
Number of Islamic Banking Windows	2,170	2,735	2,905	14.6	32.3	33.9	-	-	-
*number includes sub-br	anches								

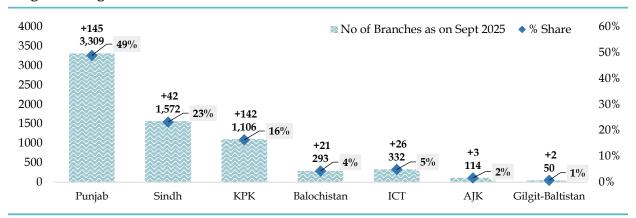
Branch Network of Islamic Banking Industry

Source: Data submitted by banks under quarterly Reporting Chart of Accounts (RCOA)

IBIs in Pakistan consist of six full-fledged Islamic banks (IBs) and 15 conventional banks offering Shari'ah-compliant services through dedicated Islamic Banking Branches (IBBs). In the third quarter of 2025, the industry witnessed a net addition of 381 branches, marking a quarterly growth of 6.0 percent and raising the total IBB network to 6,776 branches by September 2025.

The branches of IBIs are now spread across 147 districts, underscoring the sector's expanding geographic footprint and its growing role in promoting financial inclusion and further strengthening public access to Shari'ah-compliant financial services.

Figure 1: Region-wise Branch Network



Source: SBP

Assets and Liabilities Structure



Assets

The total assets of IBIs expanded by PKR 337 billion in the quarter ended September 2025, reaching to PKR 12,681 billion, up from PKR 12,345 billion in the previous quarter. Islamic banking assets now command a 21.6 percent share of the overall banking industry, reflecting its rising market significance.

A closer look at asset composition reveals that financing (net) accounts for 32.4 percent, while investments (net) contribute 49.5 percent of total Islamic banking assets. Further, the increase in the assets is mostly contributed by the increase in investments.



Break up of Assets of IBs and IBBs

Both full-fledged IBs and IBBs of conventional banks continued to post growth. The assets of IBs rose by PKR 86 billion, reaching PKR 7,736 billion, while IBBs recorded a larger increase of PKR 251 billion, taking their total assets to PKR 4,945 billion. As of September 2025, IBs accounted for 61 percent of total Islamic banking assets, with IBBs contributing the remaining 39 percent (Figure 3).

Figure 2: Major Contributors of the Change in Assets

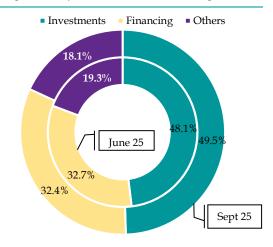
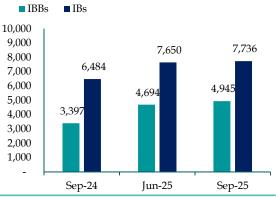


Figure 3: Breakup of Assets (PKR Billion)



Source: SBP

المرامر

Investments

IBIs further strengthened their investment portfolios during the quarter, with net investments increasing by PKR 341 billion (5.7 percent) to reach PKR 6,276 billion by the end of September 2025. This growth was primarily driven by placements in multiple Government of Pakistan Ijarah Sukuk (GIS).

A closer look at the distribution shows that full-fledged IBs expanded their net investments by PKR 88 billion, to PKR 4,004 billion. IBBs of conventional banks also posted growth, adding PKR 253 billion to reach PKR 2,272 billion. In terms of market share, IBs continued to lead with 63.8 percent of total net investments, while IBBs held 36.2 percent share (Figure 4).



Figure 4: Breakup of Investment (PKR Billion)



Source: SBP

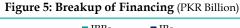


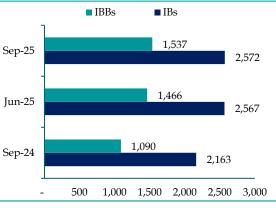
Financing & Related Assets

Financing and related assets rose slightly, reaching PKR 4,109 billion by the end of September 2025, up from PKR 4,033 billion in June 2025, an overall increase of PKR 76 billion. The financing of IBs increased by PKR 5 billion (0.2 percent) to PKR 2,572 billion, whereas IBBs recorded a rise of PKR 71 billion (4.8 percent), taking their financing portfolio to PKR 1,537 billion. (Figure 5)

Diminishing Musharaka emerged as the most preferred structure, commanding a 40.0 percent

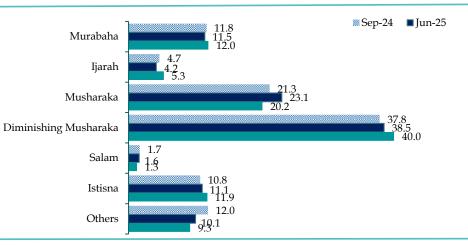
share of the total financing portfolio. Musharaka followed with a 20.2 percent while share, Murabaha financing 12.0 secured percent share. Collectively, all other financing modes accounted for 27.8 percent of the total financing undertaken by IBIs (Figure 6).





Source: SBP

Figure 6: Mode-wise Financing (Share in %)



Source: SBP

A detailed analysis of sector-wise financing reveals that the textile industry remained the dominant recipient, absorbing 16.1 percent of the total financing. Agribusiness followed with a 12.7 percent share, while the Individuals secured 9.1 percent, highlighting their vital role in the financing mix (**Table 2**).

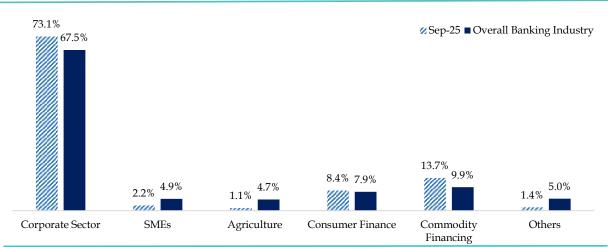
Table 2: Sector Wise Financing (Share in %)						
	Sector	Sep-24*	Jun-25*	Sep-25	Overall Banking Industry	
	Chemical and Pharmaceuticals	6.3	6.8	6.7	3.9	
	Agribusiness	14.3	10.0	12.7	18.8	
	Textile	16.6	15.9	16.1	3.1	
CEMENT	Cement	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.4	
	Sugar	3.0	3.5	2.5	2.0	
	Shoes and leather garments	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
	Automobile and transportation equipment	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0	
	Financial	1.0	1.3	0.7	6.1	
	Electronics and electrical appliances	1.1	1.9	1.2	1.2	
	Production and transmission of energy	7.7	9.8	6.9	8.5	
	Individuals	10.2	8.3	9.1	8.3	
	Others	36.3	39.3	41.1	40.8	
Tota		100	100	100	100	

^{*}Revised

By the end of September 2025, the client-wise financing profile was dominated by the corporate sector, which accounted for 73.1 percent of total financing, underscoring its central role in the financing ecosystem. Commodity financing ranked second with a share of 13.7 percent, followed by consumer financing at 8.4 percent, reflecting sustained demand for retail credit. In contrast, financing to SMEs and the agriculture sector remained modest, comprising 2.2 percent and 1.1 percent, respectively (Figure 7)

inancing to SMEs and the agriculture sector remained modest, comprising 2.2 percent percent, respectively (Figure 7)

Figure 7 - Client Wise Financing Portfolio (Share in %)



Source: SBP

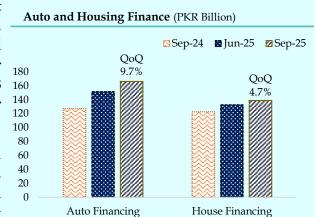
Box 1.1: Islamic Auto and Housing Finance in Pakistan

Islamic auto financing complemented the market demand for auto financing by reaching around PKR 166 billion as of September 2025 from around PKR 152 billion compared to the last quarter (increased by 9.7 percent). A growth of 30.8 percent was seen when compared to same quarter last year.

IBs and IBBs contributed about 62.8 percent and 37.2 percent of the total Islamic auto financing, respectively. Moreover, 59.0 percent of the total auto financing provided by the banking industry was provided through Islamic auto financing which gives insight into demand of Islamic auto financing.

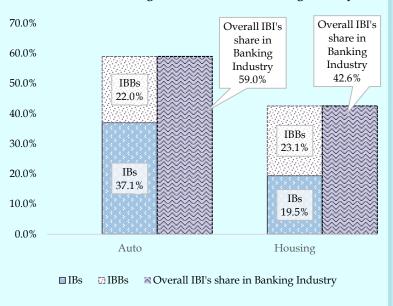
Similar trend was observed for housing finance, which took 4.7 percent growth in the last quarter from approximately PKR 133 billion to around PKR 139 billion. YoY the growth in housing finance was 13.3 percent.

Share of IBs and IBBs was witnessed at 45.7 percent and 54.3 percent of the total Islamic housing finance respectively. A deeper data dive reveals that 42.6 percent of housing finance of banking industry was disbursed through Islamic modes of financing.



Source:SBP

Auto and Housing Finance in overall banking Industry





ASSET QUALITY

The asset quality of IBIs remained sound by the end of September 2025. The ratio of Non-Performing Financing (NPF) to gross financing stood at 3.4 percent, while net NPFs to net financing stayed in negative territory at -0.60 percent, reflecting a strong provisioning cushion. The provisions against NPFs also strengthened further, rising from 108.2 percent in the previous quarter to 116.9 percent, underscoring IBIs' prudent risk management practices (**Table 3**).

Table-3: Assets Quality Ratio of IBI (%)					
Ratio	Sep-24	Jun-25	Sep-25	Overall Banking Industry	
NPFs to Financing (gross)	4.1	3.5	3.4	6.6	
Net NPFs to Net Financing	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.6)	(0.9)	
Provisions to NPFs	105.9	108.2	116.9	112.6	



Liabilities

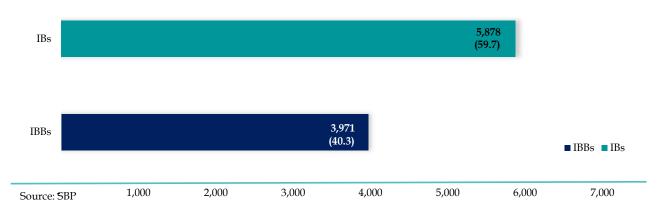
Total deposits of IBIs sustained their growth momentum in the third quarter of 2025, rising by PKR 317 billion (3.3 percent) to reach PKR 9,850 billion. This growth further strengthened IBIs' position in the overall banking industry, with their market share climbing to 26.5 percent.

An analysis of deposit composition shows that current and saving deposits were the primary growth drivers, standing at PKR 4,190 billion and PKR 3,741 billion, respectively. Saving deposits posted a reasonable increase of PKR 249 billion (7.1 percent), while the current deposits grew by PKR 165 billion (4.1 percent). Moreover, the fixed deposits also increased in the current quarter by PKR 44 billion (5.0 percent) (**Table 4**).

Table-4: Break up of Deposits (Amount in PKR Billion, Growth in %)						
Category	Sep-24	Jun-25	Sep-25	Yearly Growth (%)	Quarterly Growth (%)	
Customers (1)						
Fixed Deposits	1,148	871	915	(20.3)	5.0	
Saving Deposits	2,984	3,492	3,741	25.4	7.1	
Current Deposits	2,792	4,025	4,190	50.1	4.1	
Others	78	117	98	25.8	(16.4)	
Sub-total	7,002	8,505	8,944	27.7	5.2	
Financial Institutions (2)						
Remunerative Deposits	505	771	612	21.1	(20.6)	
Non-remunerative Deposits	89	257	293	229.9	13.8	
Sub-total	594	1,028	906	52.4	(11.9)	
Total (1+2)	7,596	9,533	9,850	29.7	3.3	

IBs witnessed an increased in deposits by PKR 113 billion, bringing their total to PKR 5,878 billion by September 2025. Similarly, IBBs also recorded a significant surge, with deposits increasing by PKR 204 billion to reach PKR 3,971 billion. By the end of September 2025, IBs accounted for 59.7 percent of total IBIs deposits, while IBBs held a growing 40.3 percent share **(Figure 8)**.

Figure 8: Deposits Bifurcation - by Share





Liquidity

The liquidity ratios of IBIs experienced a positive shift during the review period. Liquid Assets to Total Assets increased to 54.3 percent and the Liquid Assets to Total Deposits increased to 69.8 percent, reflecting a stable liquidity position.

Notably, the Financing to Deposits (net) Ratio reduced to 41.7 percent by the end of September 2025, signaling a more conservative financing approach by IBIs.

Table-5: Liquidity Ratios (%)					
Ratios	Sep-24	Jun-25	Sep-25	Overall Banking Industry	
Liquid Assets to Total Assets	51.5	52.3	54.3	66.6	
Liquid Assets to Total Deposits	67.0	67.7	69.8	105.2	
Financing to Deposits (Net)	42.8	42.3	41.7	35.6	
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)*	248.4	246.4	234.6	231.5	
Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)* 206.6 213.2 209.3 183.3					
*The ratios represent full-fledged Islamic banks only					



Capital

During the review quarter, IBIs experienced a slight improving trend in capital ratios. The Capital to Total Assets ratio remained same at 7.5 percent, signaling a relative stability in assets outpacing capital growth. Meanwhile, the (Capital - Net NPAs) to Total Assets Ratio slightly increased to 7.7 percent from its previous level of 7.6 percent, indicating an improvement in the capital buffer after accounting for non-performing assets (Figure 9). Further, the capital adequacy ratio in the review quarter improved for both the IBs and IBBs to 20.5 and 31.4 percent respectively from 20.4 and 30.3 percent in the previous quarter (Figure 10).

Figure 9 - Capital Ratios (%)

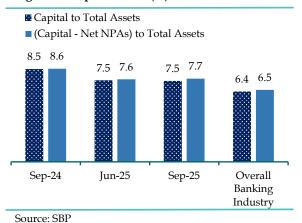
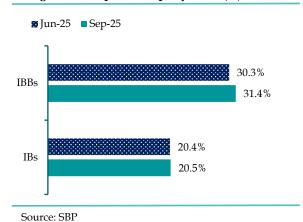


Figure 10 - Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)





Profitability

The profitability of IBIs increased, with profit before tax increasing to PKR 305.0 billion by the end of September 2025 from 210.7 in June 2025. The ROA before tax slightly decreased from 3.6 percent as of June 2025 to 3.4 percent as of September 2025. Similar trend was noticed with ROE as it decreased from 47.2 percent to 44.8 percent in the similar period.

Further, the operating cost also increased, with the 'Operating Expense to Gross Income' ratio recorded at 45.0 percent as of September 2025 compared to 42.1 percent in June 2024. This suggests that managing operational efficiency for IBIs remains key to sustaining long-term growth and competitiveness (**Table 6**).

A closer look reveals that the profit before tax of IBs grew by 43.9 percent from PKR 143.4 billion as of June 2025 to PKR 206.2 billion as of September 2025. In comparison, the profit of IBBs grew by 46.6 percent on QoQ basis for similar period showing consistent trends between IBBs and IBs. IBBs posted an ROA before tax of 3.0 percent as of September 2025 compared to 3.7 percent of IBs for the similar period, which shows profitability remained higher for IBs in this quarter.

Table-6: Profitability Ratios (%)					
Particulars	Sep-24	Jun-25	Sep-25	Overall Banking Industry	
Profit before tax (PKR billion)	381.0	210.7	305.0	1207.0	
ROA before tax	5.4	3.6	3.4	2.8	
ROE before tax	69.7	47.2	44.8	45.7	
Operating Expense to Gross Income	34.1	42.1	45.0	44.9	

SBP Regulated Islamic Financial Institutions (Other than Commercial banks)

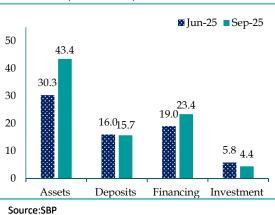
At present, two Microfinance Banks, NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited and U Microfinance Bank Limited are offering Islamic Microfinance services and operate a combined total of 115 branches. Additionally, two Development Finance Institutions, Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company Limited (PKIC) and Pakistan Mortgage and Refinance Company Limited (PMRC) are also offering Islamic products and services. Further, two digital banks have started their Islamic banking operations in the September quarter.

Islamic Microfinance Banks

The Islamic microfinance sector continued its steady expansion, with two key players—NRSP Microfinance Bank Limited and U Microfinance Bank Limited, spearheading the microfinance operations. By the end of September 2025, the Islamic microfinance banking network has grown to 115 branches, reinforcing its outreach to underserved communities.

The industry's asset base shown a healthy increase, reaching to PKR 43.4 billion, with a quarterly rise of PKR 13.1 billion (43.4 percent). The YoY Growth in Assets and Financing stood at 60.3 percent and 34.5 percent respectively.

Figure 11: Islamic Microfinance Banks (IMB) Indicators (PKR Billion)

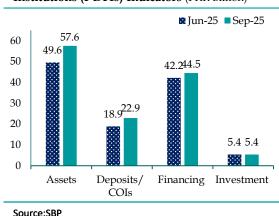


However, the deposits witnessed a decline in the review quarter by PKR 0.3 billion (1.8 percent) to stand at PKR 15.7 billion. Similarly, investments experienced a decrease of 24.0 percent, reaching at PKR 4.4 billion during the quarter (**Figure 11**).

Development Finance Institutions having Islamic Operations

Islamic Development Finance in Pakistan is shaped by key institutions such as Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Limited (PMRC) and Pakistan Kuwait Investment Company Limited (PKIC), both playing a vital role in the propagation of Shariah-compliant financial solutions. By the end of September 2025, the combined Islamic asset base of these institutions reached PKR 57.6 billion, highlighting their growing footprint in the sector.

Figure 12: Islamic Development Finance Institutions (I-DFIs) Indicators (PKR Billion)



Financing activities remained substantial, standing at PKR 44.5 billion, reflecting the institutions' continued commitment to facilitating long-term, development-oriented financing. Their role in supporting housing finance, infrastructure, and investment initiatives is critical to the expanding influence of Islamic finance in Pakistan's economic development. (Figure 12)

Digital banks

In this era of digitalization, Pakistan's banking industry has embraced transformation with remarkable pace. Under the guidance of the SBP, three pioneering institutions —Raqami Islamic Digital Bank Limited, Mashreq Bank Pakistan Limited, and Buraq Bank Pakistan Limited — launched their pilots in 2025, marking a new chapter in Shariah-compliant digital finance. Mashreq Bank Pakistan successfully transitioned from pilot to full operations in September 2025, setting a precedent for others. Early results already highlight the promise of this new frontier: the combined performance of Mashreq Bank Pakistan and Raqami Islamic Digital Bank shows total assets of PKR 3.3 billion, deposits of PKR 58.1 million, and 1,985 accounts. These achievements demonstrate growing trust in mobile-first, branchless Islamic banking solutions.



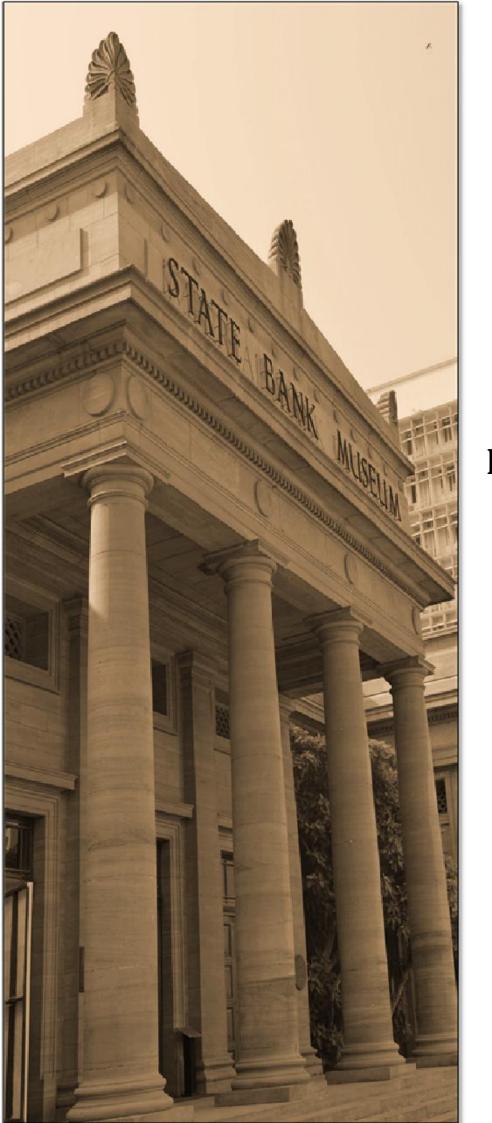
Total Assets: PKR 3.3 Billion



Deposits: PKR 58.1 Million



No. of Accounts: 1,985



EVENTS AND DEVELOPMENTS

Events and Developments at Islamic Finance Group (IFG) - SBP

Capacity Building Programs for Shariah Scholars and others

To strengthen the understanding of Islamic banking principles among Shariah scholars, a capacity-building program was conducted in Lahore on 29 – 30 September 2025. The program was attended by participants representing various Madaris Boards of different schools of thought. The program focused on enhancing the scholars' knowledge of contemporary Islamic banking practices and the evolving needs of the Islamic finance sector.



Capacity development session for National Bank of Kyrgyz Republic

The Islamic Finance Development Department organized online capacity building sessions for the National Bank of Kyrgyzstan to enhance understanding of key concepts in Islamic finance and monetary management. The sessions covered important topics including Monetary Policy Tools – Injection and Mop-up of Liquidity, Shariah Governance Framework, and the Balance Sheet of the SBP. The initiative aimed to strengthen the participants' knowledge of Islamic financial systems, promote best practices in Shariah-compliant governance, and foster collaboration between the financial institutions of Pakistan and Kyrgyzstan.

❖ Senegal Delegation Visit

delegation from the *Programme* Microfinance Islamique au Sénégal (PROMISE) visited the SBP from 18th to 22nd August 2025 to learn from Pakistan's experiences in Islamic finance, with a particular focus on microfinance initiatives. During the visit, various knowledge-sharing sessions were held on different aspects of Islamic banking and finance, where SBP officials shared insights into regulatory frameworks, industry development, and best practices in promoting



Islamic microfinance. The visit provided a valuable platform for mutual learning and strengthening cooperation between SBP and PROMISE in advancing Islamic financial inclusion.

* Knowledge Sharing Session for Central Bank of Azerbaijan

The Islamic Finance Development Department of the SBP organized a series of online knowledge-sharing sessions for the Central Bank of Azerbaijan, focusing on key areas of Islamic finance. The sessions covered four important topics: Islamic Banking Industry Landscape and Regulatory Framework, Islamic Banking Products – Assets and Liability Side, Shariah Governance Framework and Risk-Based Supervision of Islamic Banking Institutions. These capacity-building initiatives aimed to enhance the understanding of Islamic banking practices and strengthen cooperation between the financial regulators of Pakistan and Azerbaijan.

Shariah Experts in Islamic Banking Professionals (SE-IBP)

collaboration with SBPBSC, **IFG-SBP** conducted fourteen (14) sessions under the Shariah Experts in Islamic Banking Professionals (SE-IBP) program across various cities. The sessions engaged over 900 Madrasa students. Each session concluded with a quiz to shortlist candidates for complimentary Islamic banking training internship opportunities, and supporting efforts to build capacity and encourage career pathways in Islamic banking and finance.



Young Islamic Banking Professionals (Y-IBP), Awareness for Academic Faculty in Islamic Banking Program (AAF-IBP) and other Awareness Programs at Universities

collaboration with SBPBSC, IFG-SBP arranged five (5) iterations of Y-IBP and AAF-IBP each. These programs act as a pivotal gateway to create awareness of Islamic banking among the leaders and professionals of tomorrow, and among the faculty members as These programs provide academic/theological background of the core products, and principles, operational frameworks of Islamic banking. These programs were held in Thal University, Bhakkar, GC University, Hyderabad, Shaheed Benazir Bhutto



Women University, Peshawar, Al Hamd Islamic University, Quetta, and Namal University, Mianwali.

Annexure I: Islamic Banking Branch Network

	ire i. Islamic banking branch Network		Annexure: I
	Islamic Banking Branch Net	work	
	(As of Sept 30, 2025)		
Type	Name of Bank	No. of Branches	Windows
S	AlBaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	185	-
h	BankIslami Pakistan Limited	490	-
Islamic Banks	Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited	235	-
nic	Faysal Bank Limited	853	-
lar	Meezan Bank Limited	1,073	-
Is	MCB Islamic Bank Limited	305	-
	Sub-Total	3,141	-
	Allied Bank Limited	283	347
Je	Askari Bank Limited	266	-
Conventional Banks having Standalone Islamic Banking Branches	Bank Al Habib Limited	350	8
nda S	Bank Alfalah Limited	449	-
ntional Banks having Stan Islamic Banking Branches	Habib Bank Limited	458	559
ng S anc	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	242	311
Vir Br	National Bank of Pakistan	207	395
ha ing	Sindh Bank Limited	14	14
rks nkj	Soneri Bank Limited	116	15
Bar Ba	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	2	37
lal nic	Bank Makramah Limited	12	31
ion lan	The Bank of Khyber	191	56
ent Is	The Bank of Punjab	210	534
nv	United Bank Limited	689	596
ပိ	Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited	35	2
	Sub-Total	3,524	2,905
	Total Full-Fledged Branches and windows	6,665	2,905
	Allied Bank Limited	3	-
ι ν	Askari Bank Limited	4	-
he	Bank Alfalah Limited	4	-
anc	BankIslami Pakistan Limited	60	-
Br	MCB Islamic Bank Limited	2	-
Sub Branches	The Bank of Khyber	25	-
S	Faysal Bank Limited	2	-
	United Bank Limited	11	-
	Total Sub-Branches	111	-
	Grand Total Branches/Sub-Branches/Windows	6,776	2,905
Source: 1	nformation/Data obtained from IBIs		

Annexure II: Province/Region wise Break-up of Islamic Banking Branch Network

Annexure: II Province/Region wise Break-up of Islamic Banking Branch Network (As of Sept 30, 2025) Type Name of Bank **Federal** Gilgit-Khyber Punjab Sindh Grand Azad Baluchistan Kashmir Capital Baltistan Pakhtunkhwa **Total** AlBaraka Bank Islamic Banks including Sub-(Pakistan) Limited BankIslami Pakistan Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited Faysal Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited 1,073 MCB Islamic Bank Limited Sub-Total 1,675 3,205 Allied Bank Limited Conventional Banks having Standalone Islamic Banking Branches Askari Bank Limited Bank Al Habib Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Habib Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Sindh Bank Limited Soneri Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Bank Makramah Limited The Bank of Khyber _ The Bank of Punjab United Bank Limited -Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited Sub-Total 1,635 3,571 Total Full-Fledged 1,106 3,310 1,572 6,776 **Branches**

Annexure III. District wise Break-up of Islamic Banking Branch Network*

S. No.	District	No. of Branches*
1	Islamabad	332
Isl	amabad Total	332
	Balochistan	1
2	Awaran	1
3	Barkhan	1
4	Chagai	5
5	Chaman	1
6	Duki	3
7	Gwadar	18
8	Harnai	2
9	Hub	1
10	Jaffarabad	6
11	Kachhi	1
12	Kalat	4
13	Kech	14
14	Kharan	1
15	Khuzdar	12
16	Killa Abdullah	13
17	Killa Saifullah	12
18	Lasbela	9
19	Loralai	13
20	Mastung	3
21	Musakhel	1
22	Nasirabad	4
23	Nushki	5
24	Panjgur	5
25	Pishin	11
26	Quetta	124
27	Sibi	6
28	Sohbatpur	2
29	Turbat	3
30	Usta Muhammad	1
31	Zhob	8
32	Ziarat	3
Bal	ochistan Total	293

S. No.	District	No. of Branches*
51	Malakand	39
52	Mansehra	52
53	Mardan	56
54	Mohmand	18
55	North Waziristan	4
56	Nowshera	52
57	Orakzai	2
58	Peshawar	211
59	Shangla	15
60	Swabi	48
61	Swat	123
62	Tank	7
63	Torghar	1
64	Upper Chitral	3
65	Upper Dir	32
66	Upper Kohistan	6
	KPK Total	1,106
	Punjab	
	1 ulijab	
67	Attock	51
67 68	1	51 56
	Attock	
68	Attock Bahawalnagar	56
68 69	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur	56 92
68 69 70	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar	56 92 21
68 69 70 71	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal	56 92 21 32
68 69 70 71 72	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi	56 92 21 32 18
68 69 70 71 72 73	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi Khan	56 92 21 32 18 39
68 69 70 71 72 73 74	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi Khan Faisalabad	56 92 21 32 18 39 268
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi Khan Faisalabad Gujranwala	56 92 21 32 18 39 268 150
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi Khan Faisalabad Gujranwala Gujrat	56 92 21 32 18 39 268 150 142
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi Khan Faisalabad Gujranwala Gujrat Hafizabad	56 92 21 32 18 39 268 150 142 19
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi Khan Faisalabad Gujranwala Gujrat Hafizabad Jhang	56 92 21 32 18 39 268 150 142 19 32
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi Khan Faisalabad Gujranwala Gujrat Hafizabad Jhang Jhelum	56 92 21 32 18 39 268 150 142 19 32 38
68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	Attock Bahawalnagar Bahawalpur Bhakkar Chakwal Chiniot Dera Ghazi Khan Faisalabad Gujranwala Gujrat Hafizabad Jhang Jhelum Kasur	56 92 21 32 18 39 268 150 142 19 32 38 43

S. No.	District	No. of Branches*
103	Taunsa Sharif	1
104	Toba Tek Singh	52
105	Vehari	53
106	Wazirabad	10
	Punjab Total	3,309
	Sindh	
107	Badin	12
108	Dadu	11
109	Ghotki	11
110	Hyderabad	89
111	Jacobabad	5
112	Jamshoro	11
113	Karachi	1224
114	Kashmore	5
115	Khairpur	15
116	Larkana	14
117	Matiari	6
118	Mirpur Khas	27
119	Naushahro Feroze	19
120	Qambar Shahdadkot	5
121	Sanghar	25
122	Shaheed Benazirabad	26
123	Shikarpur	5
124	Sujawal	2
125	Sukkur	32
126	Tando Allahyar	8
127	Tando Mohammad Khan	5
128	Thatta	7
129	Umerkot	8
	Sindh Total	1,572
	Gilgit Baltistan	
130	Astore	3
131	Baltistan	2
132	Diamer	8
133	Ghanche	1

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Khyber Pakhtunkhwa			
33	Abbottabad	58	
34	Bajaur	14	
35	Bannu	23	
36	Battagram	11	
37	Buner	37	
38	Charsadda	33	
39	Dera Ismail Khan	27	
40	Hangu	22	
41	Haripur	46	
42	Karak	20	
43	Khyber	17	
44	Kohat	36	
45	Kurram	9	
46	Lakki Marwat	9	
47	Lower Chitral	14	
48	Lower Dir	56	
49	Lower Kohistan	2	
50	Lower Sourth Waziristan	3	

Lahore Layyah Lodhran Mandi Bahauddin Mianwali Multan Muzaffargarh Nankana Sahib Narowal Okara	819 20 17 43 17 195 30 27 22
Lodhran Mandi Bahauddin Mianwali Multan Muzaffargarh Nankana Sahib Narowal	17 43 17 195 30 27
Mandi Bahauddin Mianwali Multan Muzaffargarh Nankana Sahib	43 17 195 30 27
Bahauddin Mianwali Multan Muzaffargarh Nankana Sahib Narowal	17 195 30 27
Multan Muzaffargarh Nankana Sahib Narowal	195 30 27
Muzaffargarh Nankana Sahib Narowal	30 27
Nankana Sahib Narowal	27
Narowal	
	22
Okara	
	57
Pakpattan	30
Rahim Yar Khan	97
Rajanpur	18
Rawalpindi	313
Sahiwal	73
Sargodha	93
Sheikhupura	54
Sialkot	182
	2
	Sahiwal Sargodha Sheikhupura

134	Ghizer	6		
135	Gilgit	18		
136	Hunza	2		
137	Shigar	1		
138	Skardu	9		
Gilgit Baltistan Total		50		
Azad Kashmir				
139	Bagh	12		
140	Bhimber	11		
141	Haveli	1		
142	Kotli	15		
143	Mirpur	37		
144	Muzaffarabad	18		
145	Neelum	1		
146	Poonch	14		
147	Sudhanoti	5		
Azad Kashmir Total		114		
Grand Total		6,776		

*including newly notified districts by the provincial governments